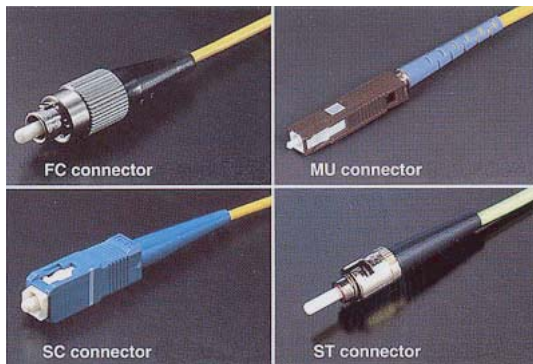




# PM/SM/MM Fiber Cable Assembly



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# PM/SM/MM Fiber Cable Assembly

Like singlemode fiber, polarization maintaining (PM) fiber supports single spatial mode for the designed wavelength. Unlike singlemode fiber though, PM fiber maintains a linear polarization state when linearly polarized light is launched along its fast or slow axis.

The two axes are defined based on the speed light propagates along them. The speed difference is caused by the stress applying members. In case of the popular PANDA fiber, the slow axis is essentially the line linking the two stress members.

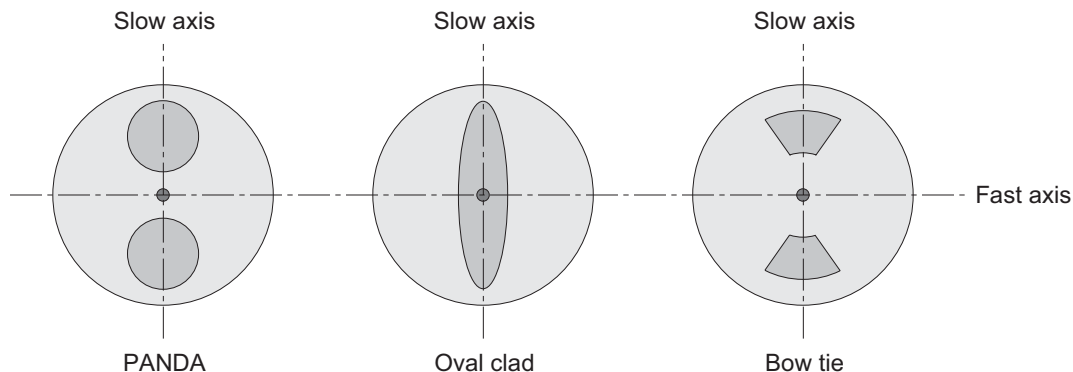
In general, PM fibers can not be used as polarizers. However, when the optical wavelength falls between the cut-off wavelength of the fast and the slow axes, some polarizing effect can be observed.

For more in depth discussion on PM fiber go to our "Tutorial" page for "PM fiber termination/connectorization".

Besides PM fiber assemblies, we also offer multiple fiber assemblies for singlemode and multimode fibers.

## PM Fiber Assemblies

Extinction ratio (ER)	>25 dB
Key alignment accuracy	+/- 3 degrees
Return loss (UPC)	>45 dB
Return loss (APC)	>60 dB
Operating temperature	5 to 40 C
Storage temperature	0 to 65 C





# PM/SM/MM Fiber Cable Assembly

## Multiple Fiber Assemblies



A=2 fiber  
B=4 fiber

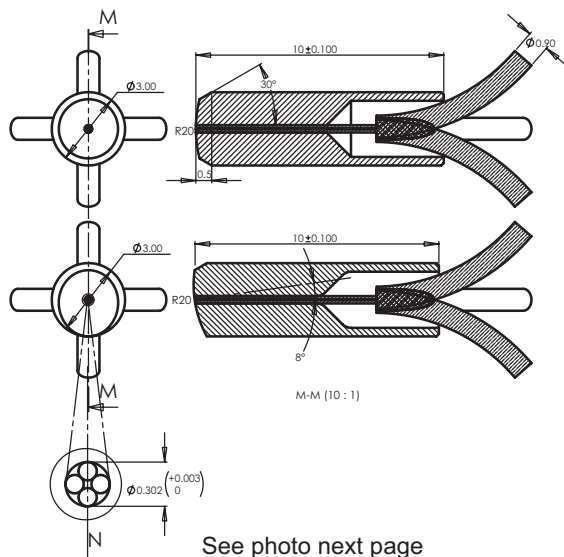
Fiber  
28=SMF28  
13=SM13 PANDA  
15=SM15 PANDA  
56=FS-SN5624 (980 nm)  
42=FS-SN4224 (850 nm)  
32=FS-SN3224 (635 nm)  
50=50/125  
62=62.5/125  
10=100/125

Length  
001=0.1 m  
010=1 m  
100=10 m

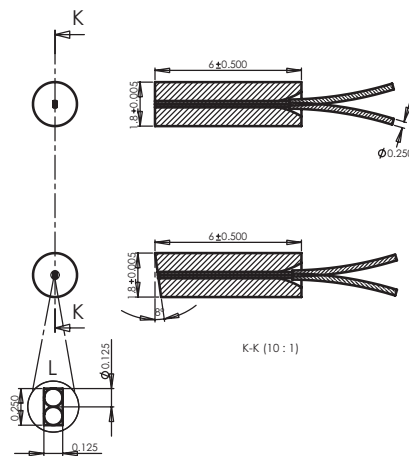
Jacket  
B=Bare fiber  
T=Tight buffer  
L=Loose tube

Connector  
FC=FC  
FA=FCAPC  
SC=SC  
SA=SCAPC  
LC=LC  
GF=Glass twin 0 deg  
GA=Glass twin 8 deg  
CF=Ceramic quad 0 deg  
CA=Ceramic quad 8 deg

4-fiber ceramic ferrules



2-fiber glass ferrules

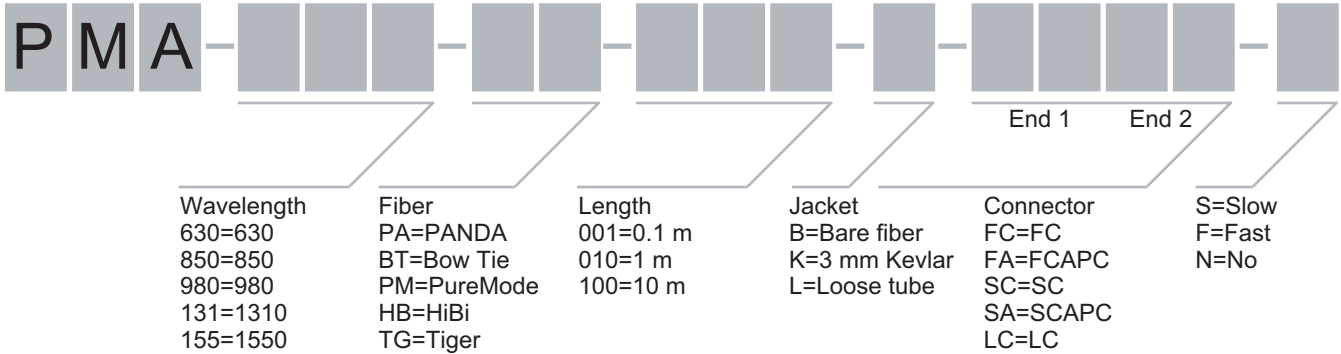


UNIT: mm

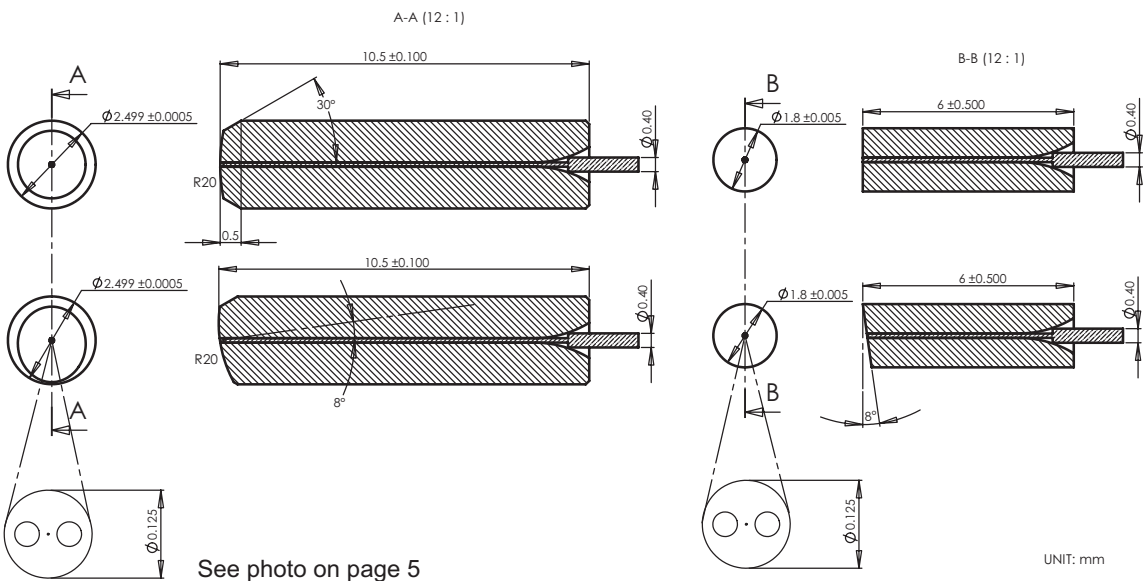


# PM/SM/MM Fiber Cable Assembly

## PM Fiber Assemblies



\* CF=Ceramic ferrule 0 degree, 2.5 mm dia. x11 mm  
 \* CA=Ceramic ferrule 8 degree, 2.5 mm dia. x11 mm  
 \* GF=Glass ferrule 0 degree, 1.8 mm dia. x 6 mm  
 \* GA=Glass ferrule 8 degree, 1.8 mm dia. x 6 mm



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# PM/SM/MM Fiber Cable Assembly

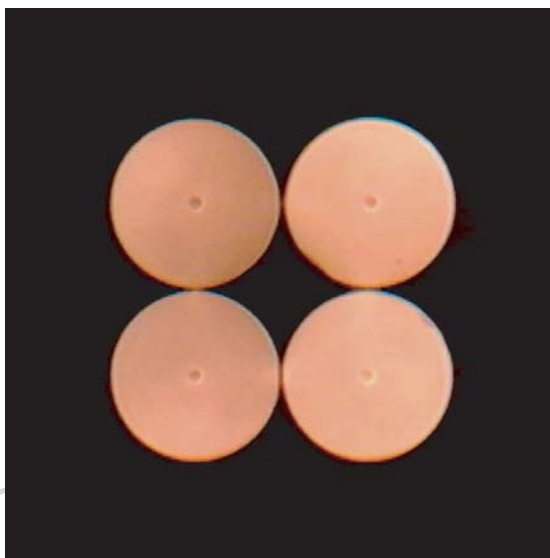
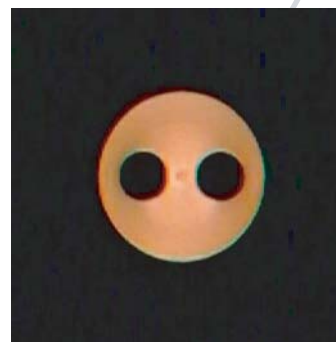
## Sample PANDA fiber specifications

Description	Unit	Specifications	
Manufacturer	-	Fujikura LTD	
Model number	-	SM.13-P-7/125-UV/UV-400	SM.15-P-8/125-UV/UV-400
Fiber type	-	Polarization maintaining	
Structure	-	PANDA (Stress applying type)	
Wavelength	um	1.3	1.55
Fiber diameter	um	125 +/-3.0	125 +/-3.0
Mode field diameter	um	9.5 +/-1.0	10.5 +/-1.0
Core-to-cladding error	um	</= 1.0	</= 1.0
Jacket type	-	Dual UV curable acrylic	
Jacket diameter	um	400 +/- 20	400 +/- 20
Cut off wavelength	um	1.10 to 1.29	1.29 to 1.45
Attenuation	dB/km	</= 1.00	</= 0.50
Group beat length	mm	</= 4.0	</= 5.0
Extinction ratio	dB	>/=25	>/=25
Proof test level	%	>/= 1.0	>/= 1.0

## Image of a polished PANDA fiber

PM fibers are notorious in generating false readings during stress member alignment. Princetel's proprietary imaging technology produces superb pictures of the fiber facet. No misalignment will escape our trained eyes.

This photo was taken under a special designed microscope with a magnification of 280.



## Image of 4 fibers in a ferrule

Four singlemode fibers are placed in a single ferrule. UPC polish reveals their cores and claddings. This fiber assembly is ideal for four-channel fiber devices such as filters, isolators, swithes, attenuators, and circulators.

This photo was taken under a special designed microscope with a magnification of 280.